

ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT CABINET

DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
DIVISION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT
200 FAIR OAKS, 2ND FLOOR
FRANKFORT, KY 40601
TELEPHONE NUMBER (502) 564-6716

Annual Report for a Class I Solid Waste Land Application DEP Form 7064 (6/99)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. APPLICABILITY This form must be completed and submitted to the Cabinet.
- 2. ASSISTANCE Questions regarding this form may be directed in writing to the Division of Waste Management, Solid Waste Branch at the address listed above, or by calling (502) 564-6716.
- 3. SUBMISSION Please type or print legibly in permanent ink. Submit the original and two (2) copies of the completed form to the Division of Waste Management at the address listed above. If an item is not applicable to your facility write "N/A" in the space provided.
- 4. FEES There are no fees associated with this application.

5. LAWS AND REGULATIONS – Applicants are expected to understand and comply with all laws and regulations applicable to the facility.

Statutes and regulations may be viewed online at the following website addresses: http://www.lrc.ky.gov/search.htm

Solid waste application forms are available at the following website address: http://www.waste.ky.gov/forms/

To assist you in the submittal of a complete and accurate application, the Division has identified the most common errors made in the review process. These errors are listed below for your convenience.

- 1. Failure to complete the application.
- 2. Failure to comply with public notice requirements. See KRS 224.40-310 and 401 KAR 47:140, Section 7 for more information.
- 3. Failure to comply with Financial Assurance requirements. If the existing financial assurance is insufficient to fully cover current closure and post-closure costs, updates will be required.
- 4. Failure to properly sign and notarize the application. An individual with signature authority for the applicant as defined by KRS 224.01-010(44) and 401 KAR 47:160 must sign and notarize the appropriate signature sections of the application.
- 5. Failure to provide appropriate, fully completed attachments. Maps, drawings, narratives or any attachments that lack sufficient detail or drawings that are not signed, dated and sealed by a professional engineer or geologist may cause delays in the review and approval of the application.

ANNUAL LANDFARMING REPORT

Ending December 31,	Permit Numbe	r
Facility Name		
Mailing Address		
City 4. State	5. Zip	6. County
Phone Number ()	8. Fax Number	
Certified Operator	10. Certificati	on Number
Waste Characterization:	Wet Weight	Dry Weight
pH	SU	
Total Solids Content	%	
Volatile Solids Content		
Total Phosphorous	ppm	ppm
Total Potassium	ppm	ppm
Total Nitrogen (TN)	ppm	ppm
Ammonium Nitrogen (NH4-N)	ppm	ppm
Cadmium	mg/L	mg/kg
Copper	mg/L	mg/kg
Lead	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ mg/L	mg/kg
Nickel	mg/L	mg/kg
Zinc	mg/L	mg/kg

	Concentration		
Parameter	mg/L	mg/kg dry wt.	

NOTE: The results reported above are the average of analyses taken during the reporting year. Waste should be analyzed as collected. **Do not conduct a separate analysis of a dried sample for the dry weight values.** Dry weight values (mg/kg) are derived using the following equation: $mg/L \div (\frac{\% \text{ Solids}}{2}) = mg/kg \text{ dry weight.}$

100

1.2		☐ tons per acre
13.	The annual waste application limit is:	_ □ gallons per acre
14.	The waste parameter limiting annual application rates is:	(nitrogen, cadmium, other designated by cabinet)
	If no nutrient, pollutant, or physical characteristic limits the	,
15.	The waste parameter limiting the lifetime application limit i	S:(Cu, Cd, Pb, Ni, Zn, other)
	If no nutrient, pollutant, or physical characteristic limits the	
copper registr Where permit	E: The annual limits based on nitrogen and cadmium, and the r, lead, nickel and zinc, are specified in 401 KAR 48:200. Re ation for any other parameters which may limit the annual rate no limits are established, the operator must insure the applicated subplot area, or prolonged saturated soil conditions contributed.	efer to the conditions listed in your letter of the or lifetime limit as required by the cabinet. ation rates do not cause waste to run off the
16.	Attach copies of all laboratory analysis reports for waste and	d soil analyses.
17.	Attach copies of laboratory analysis reports for surface water	er sampling if required by your registration.
attach assure inquir submi are sig	ant to 401 KAR 47:160, Section 6(4), "I certify under pendments were prepared under my direction or supervision is that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate they of the person or persons directly responsible for gather tted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurately the penalties for submitting false information, includes sonment for such violations."	in accordance with a system designed to e information submitted. Based on my ing the information, the information rate, and complete. I am aware that there
SIGN	ATURE	DATE

This certification clause shall be signed by the responsible person(s) described in 401 KAR 47:160, Section 6(1), and/or (2) and is required by 401 KAR 47:160, Section 6(4). This clause may be incorporated into a cover letter and attached to this submission. This clause shall accompany every report/application submitted to this office.

Subplot Application Summary

Enter the name of the subplot as it appears in the application for this registration. Complete a block for each permitted subplot, whether or not waste was applied during the reporting year. If no waste was applied, complete only the subplot name and enter zero for the volume applied. If more than one type of crop is harvested from a subplot during the reporting year, complete a separate report block for each harvested crop. Make additional copies as needed.

Subplot Name or Number		Subplot Acres	age	Volume Applied Per Acre		Tons	Application Method ☐ Injected or Incorporated
						Gallons	☐ Surface Applied
Date of Last Application	Crop	F	łarvest Yi	eld Per Acre, if applicable	Harvest Dat		Grazing Dates, if applicable
Total Volume Applied in R	enortin	g Vear	Total o	f All Applications To Date		Subplot	Life Remaining
Total Volume Applied in N	ерогип	g real ☐ Tons	Total o	I All Applications to Date	☐ Tons	Suopioi	Life Kemaning
		☐ Gallons			☐ Gallons		Years
Subplot Name or Number		Subplot Acre	age.	Volume Applied Per Acre			Application Method
Support Name of Number		Suopiotitione	-5-	v oranie rippirea i er riere		Tons	☐ Injected or Incorporated
						Gallons	☐ Surface Applied
Date of Last Application	Crop		Harvest Y	ield Per Acre, if applicable	Harvest Dat	te	Grazing Dates, if applicable
Total Volume Applied in R	enortin	o Year	Total	f All Applications To Date		Subplot	Life Remaining
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		□ Gallons			☐ Gallons		Years
Subplot Name or Number		Subplot Acre	age	Volume Applied Per Acre			Application Method
			U	11		Tons	☐ Injected or Incorporated
						Gallons	☐ Surface Applied
Date of Last Application	Crop		Harvest Y	ield Per Acre, if applicable	Harvest Dat	te	Grazing Dates, if applicable
Total Volume Applied in R	enortin	g Vear	Total	f All Applications To Date		Subplot	Life Remaining
Total Volume Applied in Reporting Year ☐ Tons			Total	TAIT Applications to Date	→ Tons	Suopioi	The Remaining
		☐ Gallons			☐ Gallons		Years
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Subplot Name or Number		Subplot Acre	age	Volume Applied Per Acre			Application Method
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Date of Last Application	Crop		Harvest \	'ield Per Acre, if applicable	Harvest Dat	te	Grazing Dates, if applicable
Total Volume Applied in R	Reportin	g Year	Total c	f All Applications To Date		Subplot	Life Remaining
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		□ Gallons			☐ Gallons		Years
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Subplot Name or Number		Subplot Acre	age	Volume Applied Per Acre			Application Method
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Date of Last Application	Crop		Harvest Y	'ield Per Acre, if applicable	Harvest Dat	te	Grazing Dates, if applicable
Total Volume Applied in F	L Reportin	g Year	Total o	of All Applications To Date		Subplot	Life Remaining
Total Country replied in I		☐ Tons			☐ Tons		
		☐ Gallons			☐ Gallons		Years

Landfarming Calculations Worksheet

Section 1. Limiting Parameters

The following equations are used to determine the amount of an annual or lifetime application limiting parameter:

- 1. Dry Weight Conversion:
 - (a) For facilities reporting in gallons:

Gallons applied per acre x 8.34 lbs/gal \div 2000 lbs/ton x $\frac{\% \text{ Solids}}{100}$ = dry wt. tons/acre

Example: The dry tons equivalent of 54,000 gallons of a 1.2% solid waste is 2.7 tons/acre

(b) For facilities reporting in tons:

Tons applied per acre x $\frac{\% \text{ solids}}{100}$ = dry wt. tons/acre

Example: The dry tons equivalent of 18 tons of a 24% solid is 4.3 tons/acre

2. Calculation of annual amount of a limiting parameter:

Mg/kg dry weight x dry wt. tons of waste applied in reporting year x .002 = lbs applied.

Example: 6.7 dry tons per acre with cadmium at 9.5 mg/kg dry wt. is 0.13 lbs Cd/acre

The calculations above must be performed first to calculate lifetime limits below. With the exception of nitrogen, which is calculated in Sections 2 and 3 of this worksheet, cadmium is the only parameter with an annual limit established by regulation. For any additional parameters for which annual limits were established by the cabinet as a condition for operation of the landfarming facility, refer to your registration.

For landfarming facilities with a daily application limit based on Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD), perform the calculations above using the maximum daily application rate during the reporting year.

- 3. Lifetime, or cumulative, limits. For cadmium, copper, lead, nickel, and zinc, refer to 401 KAR 48:200 Section 6(23). For any additional parameters for which lifetime limits were established by the cabinet as a condition of operation of the landfarming facility, refer to your registration. The lifetime limit is the sum of all annual application amounts, as calculated above. You must keep a running total for all lifetime limiting parameters for each subplot, and have these records available for inspection by the cabinet.
- Calculation of remaining subplot use in years based on lifetime limits: Determine the most limiting parameter, and enter
 the years remaining based on that parameter in the Subplot Application Summary.
 - (a) Subtract the sum of all applications through the reporting year from the lifetime limit in 401 KAR 48:200 or your registration.
 - (b) Divide the remaining amount by the annual amount applied based on the current reporting year.

Example: With the addition of 0.13 lbs. cadmium in the current reporting year, the subplot sum total of cadmium applied is now 2.3 lbs/acre. The allowable limit is 4.4 lbs/acre Cd:

4.4 lbs. - 2.3 lbs. =
$$2.1$$
 lbs. Cd. $\div 0.13$ lbs/yr = 16 years

Section 2. Nitrogen Balance

As required by 401 KAR 48:200 Section 8 (24), the amount of nitrogen land applied must not exceed the nitrogen utilization rate of the crop being grown. Use the actual percentage value, not the decimal equivalent, for all calculations (i.e., if Total Solids Content is 1.2%, use 1.2, **not** 0.012). All values entered on this worksheet must be the same as the values listed in the Waste Characterization section of the application or annual report. Include a copy of the completed Nitrogen Balance worksheet with the Application for a Class I Solid Waste Landfarm and Annual Landfarming Reports.

For the first year of application of waste, the Volume Applied per Acre entered on the Subplot Application Summary sheet must show the lbs. PAN determined above times the total volume applied in the reporting year did not exceed the crop nitrogen recommendation obtained from UK Extension Bulletin AGR 1 or the county extension service. If the amount of Plant Available Nitrogen applied from the waste is less than the crop recommendation, use the value obtained to determine additional fertilizer nitrogen needed by the crop. Make allowance for subplots on which the previous crop was a legume, based on extension service recommendations, and for residual nitrogen, as described in the next section of this worksheet.

1.	Percent Organic Nitrogen: Organic N is derived by subtracting the sum of Ammonia and Nitrate N from Total N.
	7 Total Nitrogen (Mammonium N + Nitrate N = Morganic N
2.	(a) Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN), Incorporated Waste:
	$\frac{\text{% Ammonium N}}{\text{% Nitrate N}} + \frac{\text{% Organic N x 0.4}}{\text{(% Organic N x 0.4)}} = \frac{\text{% PAN}}{\text{% Nitrate N}}$
	(b) Plant Available Nitrogen, Surface Applied Waste:
	$\frac{1}{\text{(% Ammonium N x 0.5)}} + \frac{1}{\text{% Nitrate N}} + \frac{1}{\text{(% Organic N x 0.4)}} = \frac{1}{\text{% PAN}}$
3.	(a) Pounds of Plant Available Nitrogen, Per 1,000 gallons, for facilities reporting in gallons.
	x 83.4 = lbs. PAN/1,000 gallons
	(b) Pounds of Plant Available N per Ton, for facilities reporting in tons.
	${\text{% PAN}} \times 20 = {\text{lbs. PAN/ton}}$

4.

Determine the total N/acre for each subplot based on the volume applied, the total residual N/acre from residual nitrogen

Section 3. Residual Nitrogen

Residual Nitrogen is the amount of Organic N mineralized from previous years' waste applications. Use the percent (not the decimal equivalent) Organic Nitrogen calculations from Nitrogen Balance worksheets from the corresponding previous years. Calculate the Total Residual N for each subplot according to the volume of waste applied in each of the three previous years and include the amount in the annual nitrogen balance calculations for each subplot.

1.	For facilities reporting in gallons:
	(a) One year prior to the reporting year:
	${\text{\% Organic N}} \text{ x } 16.7 = \underline{\qquad} \text{Residual N/1,000 gallons}$
	(b) Two years prior to reporting year:
	${\text{\% Organic N}} \times 8.34 = \underline{\qquad} \text{Residual N/1,000 gallons}$
	(c) Three years prior to reporting year:
	${\% \text{ Organic N}} \text{ x } 4.17 = \underline{\qquad} \text{ Residual N/1,000 gallons}$
2.	For facilities reporting in tons:
	(a) One year prior to the reporting year:
	${\% \text{ Organic N}} \times 4 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{Residual N/ton}$
	(b) Two years prior to reporting year:
	$\frac{1}{\text{% Organic N}} \times 2 = \underline{\qquad} \text{Residual N/ton}$
	(c) Three years prior to reporting year:
	% Organic N = Residual N/ton

3. Determine the total residual N/acre for each subplot based on the volume applied in the corresponding year. Add the total residual N/acre to the nitrogen calculations for that subplot.